

#### POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

**EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)** 

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Metal science with heat treatment [N1MiBP1>MzOC]

Course

Field of study Year/Semester

Mechanical and Automotive Engineering 1/2

Area of study (specialization) Profile of study

general academic

Level of study Course offered in

first-cycle Polish

Form of study Requirements compulsory

**Number of hours** 

Lecture Laboratory classes Other (e.g. online)

18 9

Tutorials Projects/seminars

0 0

Number of credit points

4,00

Coordinators Lecturers

prof. dr hab. inż. Leszek Małdziński leszek.maldzinski@put.poznan.pl

#### **Prerequisites**

Knowledge: Basic knowledge of metallurgy and heat treatment of metals: construction of metals and alloys, carbon and alloy steels, non-ferrous metal alloys, steel corrosion, properties and practical application. Skills: Conducting some research in the field of metallurgy and heat treatment and testing the properties of alloys and steels: annealing, hardening and tempering, nitriding and carburizing, metallographic tests (determination of hardness, thickness of diffusion layers, etc.) Social competences: The student is aware of the importance of technical activity, understands the need for development and education

#### Course objective

Getting to know the theoretical basis of the construction of metals and their alloys. Getting to know the basics of heat and thermo-chemical treatment of steels and metals and their alloys. Understanding the grades of non-alloy and alloy steels, cast steels, cast irons and selected non-ferrous metal alloys: their physical and functional properties and their practical application.

#### Course-related learning outcomes

#### Knowledge:

Has basic, ordered knowledge of metal materials used in mechanical engineering, such as iron,

aluminum, copper, etc. alloys used in machine building, and in particular about their structure, properties, methods of production, heat and thermo-chemical treatment, and the influence of plastic working on their endurance.

Has a basic, structured knowledge of non-metallic and composite materials used in the construction and operation of machines, mainly ceramic materials, synthetic materials, non-metallic natural materials (wood, glass, stone) and fuels, lubricants, technical gases, refrigerants, etc.

Has basic knowledge of the strength of materials, including the basics of the theory of elasticity and plasticity, stress hypotheses, calculation methods for beams, membranes, shafts, joints and other simple structural elements, as well as methods of testing the strength of materials and the state of deformation and stress in mechanical structures.

#### Skills:

Can obtain information from literature, the Internet, databases and other sources. Can integrate the obtained information, interpret and draw conclusions from it, and create and justify opinions. Can search in catalogs and on manufacturers" websites ready-made machine components to be used in

his own projects.

Can design a technology of making a simple machine element as well as a technology for assembling an

Can design a technology of making a simple machine element as well as a technology for assembling and disassembling a machine.

#### Social competences:

Is ready to critically assess his knowledge and received content.

Is ready to initiate actions for the public interest.

Is ready to fulfill professional roles responsibly, including:

- observing the rules of professional ethics and requiring this from others, - caring for the achievements and traditions of the profession.

#### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Written and oral exam; written and oral exam

#### Programme content

General characteristics of materials

Importance of materials in product manufacturing processes; manufacturing processes, materials used in manufacturing processes.

Basic groups of engineering materials; metals and their alloys, polymers, ceramics, composites.

The structure of metals

Structure of matter; matter and its components, structure of the atom, classification of chemical elements, bonds between atoms.

The actual structure of metals; classification of crystalline structure defects, point defects, dislocations, interaction between dislocations, polycrystalline structure of metals, grain boundaries and interfacial boundaries, the influence of defects in the crystal structure on the properties of metals.

Metal alloys and their structure

Metal alloys and alloy phases, general information on metal alloys, solid solutions, intermetallic phases, interstitial phases, phase mixtures.

Iron alloys with carbon

Iron-carbon system; iron and its properties, iron-carbon equilibrium diagram, phase transitions during cooling of iron-carbon alloys, general classification of iron-carbon alloys.

Carbon cast iron; general classification of carbon cast irons, graphite as a structural component of cast iron, influence of the cooling rate on the structure and properties of cast irons, gray cast iron, white and half cast iron, malleable cast iron, comparison of the properties of carbon cast iron.

Heat treatment of steel

General description of heat treatment,

Phase transitions during heat treatment of steel; transformations in steel during: heating, cooling, hardening, tempering, dispersion hardening,

Thermo-chemical treatment of steel

Theoretical foundations of thermo-chemical treatment; thermo-chemical treatment and its classification, chemical phenomena occurring during thermo-chemical treatment

Diffusion impregnation of steel with non-metals and metals; carburizing, nitriding, boriding, diffusion saturation of steel with metallic elements, comprehensive thermo-chemical treatment

The role of alloying elements in steels

The importance of alloying elements: dissolved in solid solutions, in carbides and nitrides, in intermetallic phases,

The influence of alloying elements on the basic properties of steel and other iron alloys Alloy steels and their importance

Classification of alloy steels

Structural alloy steels and their heat treatment; general characteristics, low-alloy weldable structural steels, structural alloy steels for thermal improvement, structural alloy steels for nitriding and carburizing, spring steels, alloy steels for rolling bearings.

Alloy tool steels and their heat treatment; general characteristics, alloyed tool steels for cold work, alloyed tool steels for hot work, high-speed steels.

Steels and iron alloys with special properties; general characteristics, corrosion-resistant steels, alloyed steels for operation at elevated temperature, heat-resistant and creep-resistant steels, steels for operation at low temperatures, martensitic dispersion-hardened maraging steels, abrasion resistant steels, steels and alloys with special magnetic properties

Cast iron and alloy steel

Alloy cast iron; general characteristics of alloy cast irons, cast iron with increased abrasion resistance, corrosion-resistant alloy cast iron, heat-resistant and heat-resistant alloy cast iron, alloy cast iron for low temperature operation, alloy cast iron with special physical properties.

Alloy cast steels: general characteristics of alloy cast steels, structural alloy cast steels, corrosion-resistant alloy cast steels, heat-resistant and heat-resistant alloy cast steels, tool alloy cast steels. Non-ferrous metals and their alloys:

Aluminum and its alloys; general classification of aluminum alloys, aluminum-silicon alloys, aluminum-magnesium alloys, aluminum-copper alloys, multi-component aluminum-zinc alloys, aluminum-manganese alloys

Corrosion of metals and alloys

Corrosion, its varieties and mechanisms; corrosion and its effects, types of corrosion damage, electrochemical corrosion, gas corrosion, mechanisms of gangrene formation, factors influencing gas corrosion.

Corrosion protection; selection of the chemical composition of alloys to increase corrosion resistance, cathodic, sacrificial and anodic protection, inhibitors, coatings and protective layers, other methods of corrosion prevention.

#### Course topics

none

#### **Teaching methods**

Lecture with multimedia presentation. Laboratory classes.

### **Bibliography**

#### Basic

- 1. S. Rudnik: Metaloznawstwo. PWN, Warszawa, 1996
- 2. F. Staub; Metaloznawstwo, 1979
- 3. W. Luty [i in.]: Poradnik inżyniera. Obróbka cieplna stopów żelaza, 1977
- 4. L. Dobrzański: Metaloznawstwo z podstawami nauki o materiałach. WNT, Warszawa, 1996
- 5. S. Prowans: Metaloznawstwo. PWN, Warszawa, 1988
- 6. K. Przybyłowicz: Metaloznawstwo. WNT, Warszawa, 1996
- 7. L. A. Dobrzański: Metaloznawstwo i obróbka cieplna
- 8. L. A. Dobrzański: Podstawy nauki o materiałach i metaloznawstwo, WNT, Gliwice 2002 Additional
- 1. Michael Ashby i in.: Inżynieria materiałowa tom I i II, Wydawnictwo Galaktyka, 2006
- 2. Michael Ashby i in.: Materiały inżynierskie tom I i II, WNT, 1996
- 3. Poradnik Inżyniera: Obróbka cieplna metali, WNT, 1979
- 4. Mały poradnik mechanika, tom I i II, WNT1999
- 5. Wilhem Domke: Vademecum materiałoznawstwa, NT, 1997
- 6. Feliks Wojtking, Jurij Soncew: Materiały specjalnego przeznaczenia, Wydawnictwo Politechniki

## Radomskiej, 2001

# Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	100	4,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	32	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	68	2,00